

Summary of Contested States

As of 13 Nov. 2020

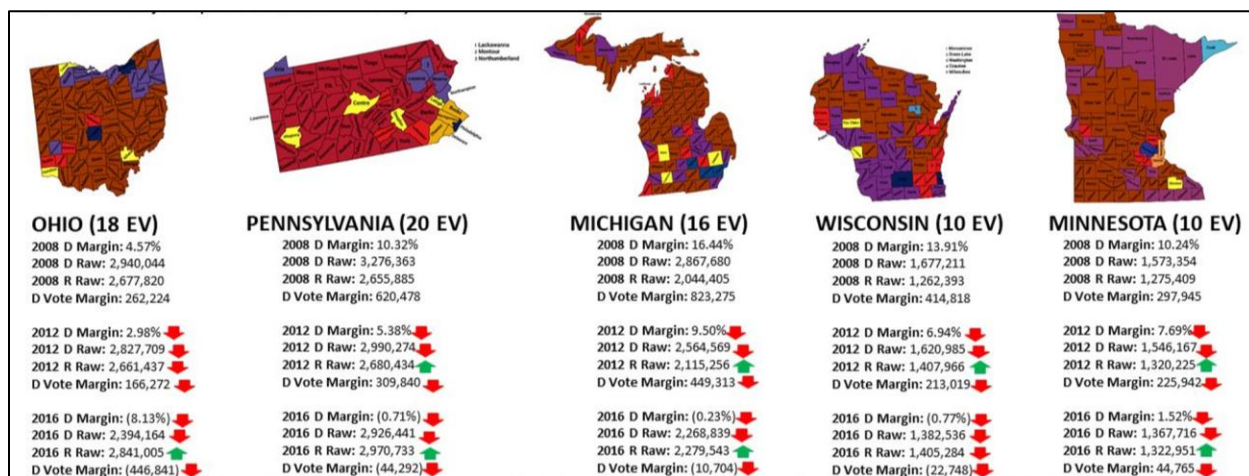
Seth Keshel, MBA

Executive Summary

The purpose of this document is to consolidate all statistically improbable and irregular reports and trends observed in the present vote counts of various contested states in which various forms of election fraud are suspected.

Industrial States

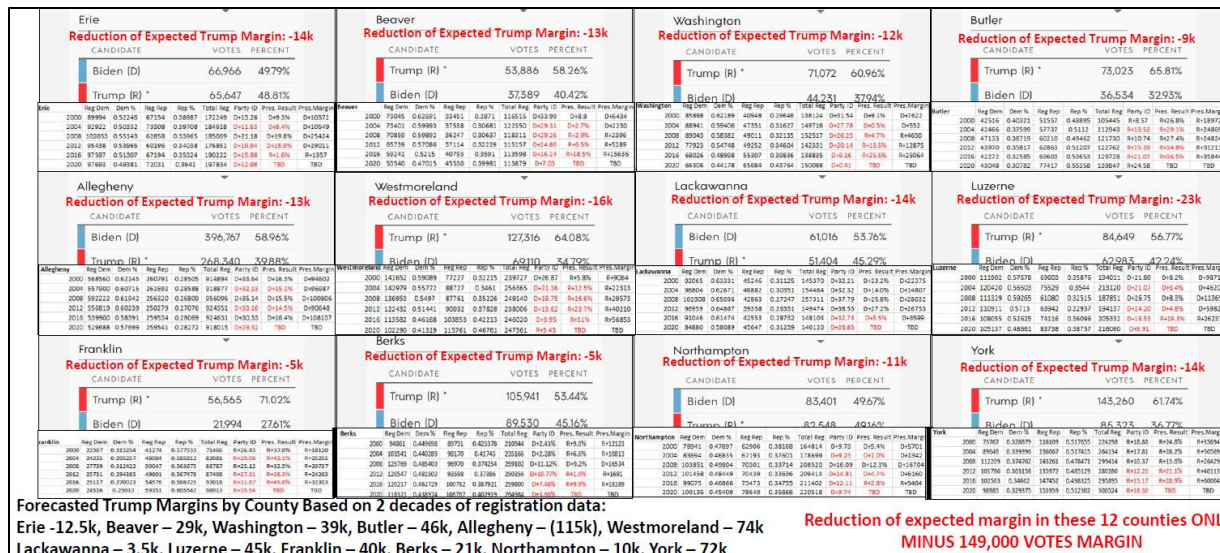
This portion is focused on Pennsylvania, Michigan, and Wisconsin. As shown in the graphic below, since 2008, the trends in all states have been downward for the Democratic nominee in raw votes in all 10 elections analyzed, and up for Republicans in eight of 10. Current vote tallies in the contested states show a vote surge for President Trump, and an even bigger surge for candidate Biden, which is contrary to the trends since 2008. In a true high turnout election for both sides, statewide votes may indeed surge higher for both candidates, particularly if urban and suburban turnout increases, but current vote returns inside heavily Republican trending counties are displaying irregular margins as Democratic areas are far exceeding record votes cast for President Obama when he won the states in double digits.



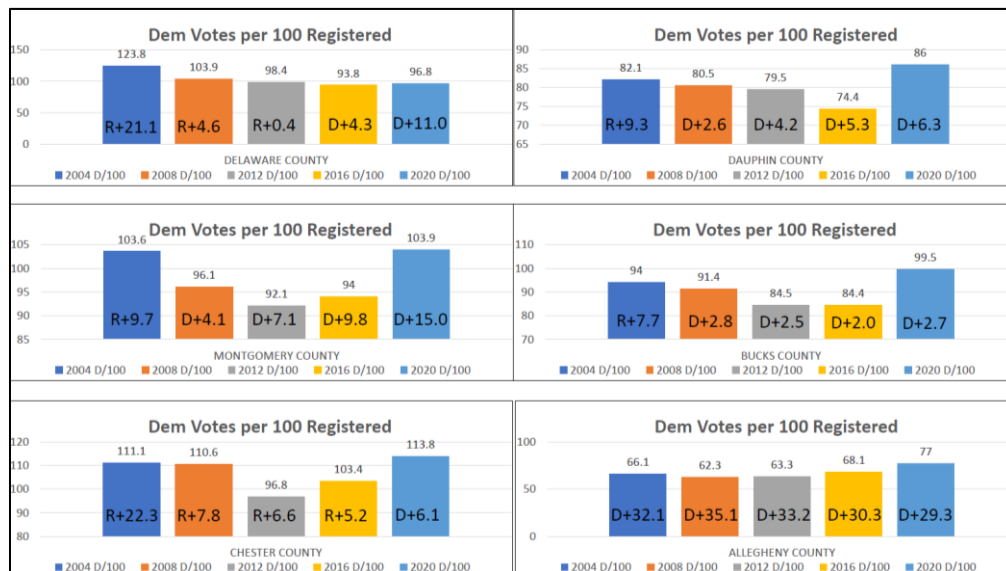
Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania is the only state in the industrial focus group that registers voters by party. Party identification is the most accurate indicator for the trend of a subsequent election, encapsulating movement between party switchers and the trend of independent voters. Since 2016, when President Trump won the state, Pennsylvania had trended three percent more Republican, with the GOP out-registering the Democratic Party 241,976 to 11,707 (20.7 to 1). In the graphic below of just 12 sample counties in Pennsylvania, the trend in Party ID since 2000 accurately predicted the trend in raw vote margin in every county in every election since 2004, with exception of Allegheny County in 2004, when the county slightly trended Republican, but the Democrats added 2,385 votes to the margin of victory thanks to higher turnout (although the margin of defeat trended more in favor of Republicans).

In 2020, despite party identification by registration favoring republicans in all 12 of these counties, Republican margins of victory are reduced. In this sample, the reduction is approximately 149,000 based on approximations from the last two decades of elections. This trend is present throughout the state in counties not listed in the graphic below. Erie County and Northampton County were won by President Trump in 2016, and trended steadily Republican in 2020, but report him as trailing in those counties today. Luzerne County, still held by President Trump, is short approximately 23,000 votes in victory margin. This county has gone to the winner of Pennsylvania every election since 1936, and a Republican carrying the county has never failed to carry Michigan in that time frame. Sharp reversal of these very strong Republican registration trends, in spite of the President adding on substantial amounts of votes in each of these counties when the trend has been for one party to increase as the other decreases, warrants further investigation, perhaps into machine tabulation and error.

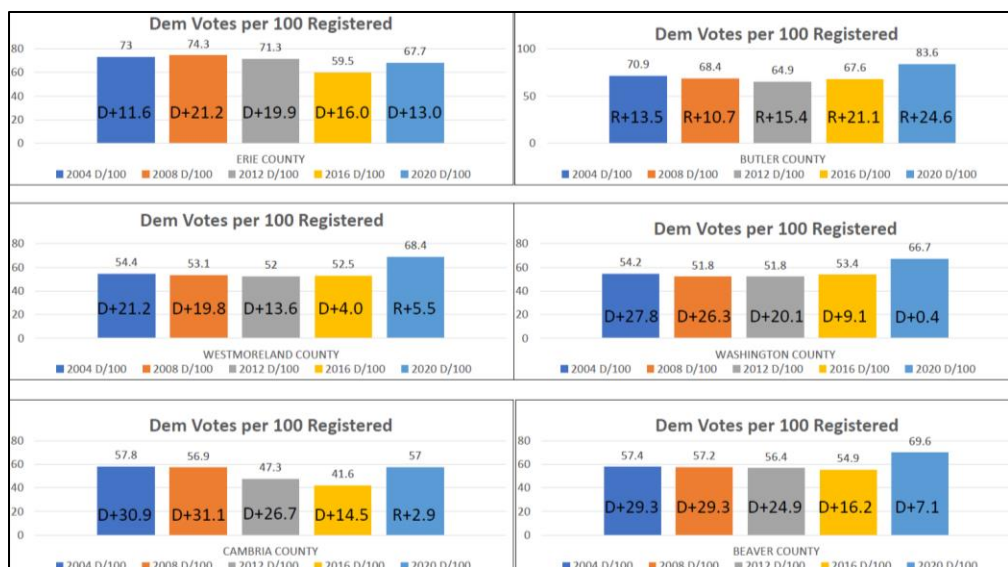


In urban and suburban areas, namely the Philadelphia suburban counties and Allegheny county, Democratic share of the vote has soared substantially over baseline. In the graphic below, Democratic votes per 100 registered Democrats is displayed from 2004 to present. This statistic captures overall democratic support. When looking to the past, when it is higher than baseline, it represents strong performance with independents and party switchers. When it is low, it represents party defections. Donald Trump has generated 93 votes per 100 registered Republicans, the highest recorded in this study, indicating that he is not losing members of his own party.



All six of these counties have trended Democratic in registration since 2016, contrary to the direction of nearly the entire remainder of the state. Delaware County is the least suspicious, generally keeping in line with 96.8 votes per 100 registered Democrats. Dauphin, Montgomery, Bucks, Chester, and Allegheny are extremely high. For instance, with an average of 94 votes per 100 registered Democrats in three elections from 2008-16, Montgomery County (currently Democrat +15% registration) is nearly a full ten votes per 100 registered Democrats (301,779) ahead of their average, which has generally tracked with the overall statewide decline in registration advantage since 2008. Even affording them an additional five percent, up to 99 votes per 100 registered, the difference suggests an additional 15,089 (.05 x 301,779) ballots cast, well above norms exceeding their registration advantage, which is accounted for in the statistic. This suggests these counties are abusing mail-in/absentee ballots.

The same trend is present in President Trump's strongest counties, which have uniformly trended Republican since at least 2008. Though President Trump continues to gain votes at high percentages in these counties, the gap is closed, in complete opposition to registration values and matching decline in this statistic. This may suggest mail-in/absentee fraud or may correlate more appropriately to the reports of electronic vote fraud and machine error in strongly pro-Trump precincts. This concludes the initial assessment for Pennsylvania independent of the known abuses and transparency violations, and certain mail fraud, occurring in Philadelphia County against the orders of the Supreme Court.



Michigan

Michigan displays a similar pattern as Pennsylvania, namely with sharply climbing Trump vote totals in all counties, especially in those that have shown declining raw Democratic vote totals beginning in 2012 to accompany consistently rising Republican vote totals. Wayne County is focal for the same reasons Philadelphia County is – widespread reporting and evidence of barring observers, lack of transparency in ballot counting and reporting, and a growing list of dead and imaginary voters. Wayne County, in spite of its decreasing population and lagging voter registration, has overcome a 15.4% increase in Trump votes and 140,641 lost Democratic votes since 2008 to rebound to just 8,772 votes short of President Obama’s reelection performance.

County	Rep '08	Dem '08	Rep '12	Dem '12	Rep '16	Dem '16	Rep '20	Dem '20	Dem Percentage of Obama 2008 Votes
Wayne	219,582	660,085	213,814	595,846	228,993	519,444	264,149	587,074	88.9%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	(2.6%)	(9.7%)	7.1%	(12.8%)	15.4%	13.0%	

Wayne’s decreasing population and stagnant increase in voter registration, combined with President Trump’s performance among union workers and minorities casts serious doubt on the sharp rebound in Democratic votes, which is likely heavily aided by mail/absentee fraud and the previously mentioned election violations. Twenty counties are reporting more votes than President Obama had in 2008, when he won Michigan by 16.44%. Given that the Republican shift in the state has come as a product of taking Democratic voters rather than addition of new voters in a slow-growth state, it seems improbable that these counties would overperform Obama levels as the Republicans increase substantially in raw votes.

County	Rep '08	Dem '08	Rep '12	Dem '12	Rep '16	Dem '16	Rep '20	Dem '20	Dem Percentage of Obama 2008 Votes
Ottawa	83,330	50,828	88,166	42,737	88,467	44,973	100,511	64,566	127.0%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	5.8%	(15.9%)	0.3%	5.2%	13.6%	43.6%	

Kent	148,336	149,909	155,925	133,408	148,180	138,683	165,318	186,753	124.6%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	5.1%	(11.0%)	(5.0%)	4.0%	11.6%	34.7%	

Gd. Trav.	24,716	23,258	26,534	20,875	27,413	20,965	30,502	28,632	123.1%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	7.4%	(10.2%)	3.3%	0.4%	11.3%	36.6%	

Washtenaw	53,946	130,578	56,412	120,890	50,631	128,483	56,241	157,130	120.3%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	4.6%	(7.4%)	(10.2%)	6.3%	11.1%	22.3%	

Oakland	276,956	372,566	296,514	349,002	289,203	343,070	325,916	433,982	116.5%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	7.1%	(6.3%)	(2.5%)	(1.7%)	12.7%	26.5%	

Livingston	55,592	42,349	60,083	37,216	65,680	34,384	76,980	48,218	113.9%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	8.1%	(12.1%)	9.3%	(7.6%)	17.2%	40.2%	

Macomb	187,663	223,784	191,913	208,016	224,665	176,317	264,535	225,561	100.8%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	2.3%	(7.0%)	17.1%	(15.2%)	17.8%	27.9%	

The selection of counties above all exceed Obama vote totals from 2008, even as Trump has grown a minimum of 11.1% in all of them. He only exceeded that amount of growth in 2016 in one county (Macomb) and won the state. Competitive (Kent) or Republican Stronghold Counties (Ottawa, Grand Traverse, Livingston) all show Democratic voter growth of at least 34.7%, after barely growing or even losing shares of Democratic votes in 2012 and 2016. Oakland County, declining steadily in support for Democrats and up 12.7% for President Trump, has increased 90,912 votes for Biden (26.5%), a far reach even for those explaining away high turnout. Macomb County is egregious. The reason it has flipped for President Trump is strictly because of Democratic crossovers, as evidenced by the graphic. Every climb in Republican votes came with a decrease in Democratic votes as the party lost the support of working people. Trump has gained an enormous 39,870 votes, only to be met with a Democratic gain of 49,244 votes to wipe away any gain in margin (Trump is down in margin 9,374 votes in this county last time, nearly his entire margin of 2016 victory, in spite of being well ahead of his previous vote total).

Strong Trump counties in rural Michigan are piling on Trump votes but lagging in margin as shown in Macomb County. Given working class population trends, even if assuming higher turnout adding votes to both parties, Trump's margins should increase in arguably all but a few counties. Additionally, Washtenaw County, home county of University of Michigan, is 20.3% over Obama 2008 totals and up 28,648 votes from 2016, despite campus shutdowns and lack of young voter mobilization.

Wayne, Washtenaw, Ingham, Oakland, Kent, Ottawa, Grand Traverse, Livingston, and Macomb Counties should be heavily suspected of mail-in/absentee fraud. The rural counties appear to be afflicted with fraud of some type, matching the suspected pattern of machine error/electronic vote theft. We already have the one example from Antrim County, Michigan, in which 6,000 votes were reversed to Trump from a "glitch." Wayne County should be litigated for violations and all ballots inspected for fraud, particularly no down-ballots as we are seeing in other locations. John James should continue to withhold concession.

Wisconsin

Wisconsin shows the same patterns as Pennsylvania and Michigan, particularly in its very heavy vote totals from Milwaukee and Dane Counties. Milwaukee is much like Wayne County, declining in voting power (loss of over 3% of registered voters in 2016), and declining in turnout and support from minorities since President Obama left office.

County	Rep '08	Dem '08	Rep '12	Dem '12	Rep '16	Dem '16	Rep '20	Dem '20	Dem Percentage of Obama 2008 Votes
Milwaukee	149,445	319,819	154,924	332,438	126,069	288,822	134,355	317,251	99.2%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	3.7%	3.9%	(18.6%)	(13.1%)	6.6%	9.8%	

Even though Milwaukee increased in Democratic votes for Obama's reelection (unlike Wayne County), it plunged substantially in 2016 when Trump won the state. Despite a shrinking voter roll, it has rebounded to cast nearly as many votes in 2020 as it did for Obama in 2008, as Trump increased 6.6%. While mathematically possible, its many rule violations and transparency oversights in reporting unobserved ballots in the early morning hours of November 4 (and just enough to tip the state) suggest serious mail-in/absentee fraud in this county.

The counties in the graphic below are counties with more Democratic votes than cast for President Obama in 2008. Ozaukee, Waukesha, and Washington are longstanding Republican strongholds who could conceivably become more favorable for Democrats given the registration shift in some states registering by Party, but they all increased in support from 11.3-16.4%, yet far surpassed any historic voting records for Democratic candidates. With two consecutive downward cycles for Democrats, followed by a 27.8% increase, Washington County is particularly suspect, as is St. Croix County, with a massive 22.8% increase for Trump, but a 32.7% increase for Biden. This may correlate to the suspected machine errors/electronic fraud.

Dane County fits the mold of Michigan's Washtenaw County. It is universally recognized as a Democrat stronghold, but it somehow managed to produced a Democratic gain of 19.5% (42,460 votes) after the previous two cycles yielded growth of just 4.9% and 0.8%, respectively. They have now exceeded Obama 2008 levels (13.91% statewide win) by 26.3%. This is simply not believable given campus lockdowns and lack of voter engagement and mobilization. Dane County should, like Milwaukee County, be strictly recanvassed and audited on suspicion of absentee fraud.

County	Rep '08	Dem '08	Rep '12	Dem '12	Rep '16	Dem '16	Rep '20	Dem '20	Dem Percentage of Obama 2008 Votes
Ozaukee	32,172	20,579	36,077	19,159	30,464	20,170	33,912	26,515	128.8%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	12.1%	(6.9%)	(15.6%)	5.3%	11.3%	31.5%	

Dane	73,065	205,984	83,644	216,071	71,275	217,697	78,789	260,157	126.3%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	14.5%	4.9%	(14.8%)	0.8%	10.5%	19.5%	

Waukesha	145,152	85,339	162,798	78,779	142,543	79,224	159,633	103,867	121.7%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	12.2%	(7.7%)	(12.4%)	0.6%	12.0%	31.1%	

Racine	45,954	53,408	49,347	53,008	46,681	42,641	54,475	50,154	117.6%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	7.4%	(0.7%)	(5.4%)	(19.6%)	16.7%	17.6%	

St. Croix	22,837	21,177	25,503	19,910	26,222	17,482	32,190	23,190	109.5%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	11.7%	(6.0%)	2.8%	(12.2%)	22.8%	32.7%	

Washington	47,729	25,719	54,765	23,166	51,740	20,852	60,235	26,647	103.6%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	14.7%	(9.9%)	(5.5%)	(10.0%)	16.4%	27.8%	

Bayfield	3,365	5,972	3,603	6,033	4,124	4,953	4,617	6,155	103.1%
% Increase	N/A	N/A	7.1%	1.0%	14.5%	(18.9%)	12.0%	24.3%	

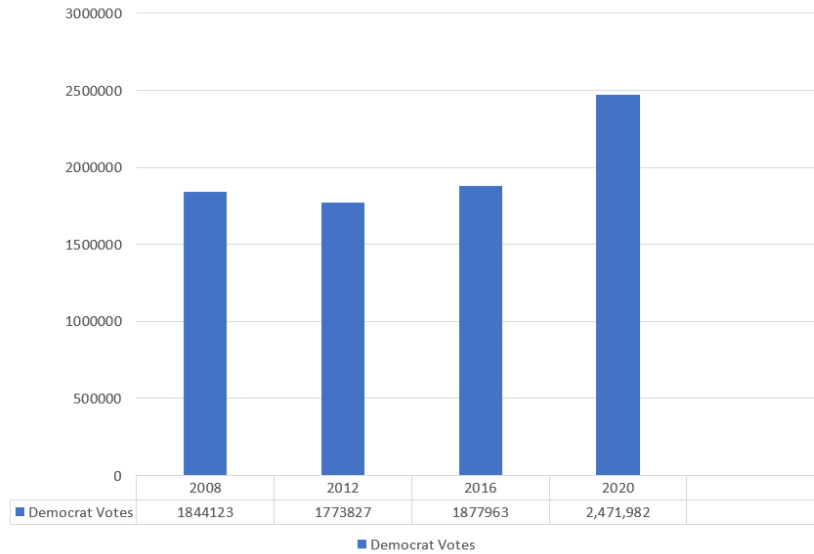
Racine, Brown, La Crosse, Eau Claire, Outagamie, Walworth, Rock, Kenosha, Winnebago, Sheboygan, Fond Du Lac, and Marathon are all large counties that are either highly favorable to Trump or trending away from Democrats in recent cycles (all showing two straight cycles of raw vote loss) that have rebounded toward Joe Biden at a higher percentage than President Trump has increased in them. This reversal of working class trends that stands in defiance to registration data in Pennsylvania and other working class states is suspicious and in opposition to recent trends in the state. Again, it is plausible that in a high turnout election the Democrat vote share could go up, but it is highly doubtful it would accompany and surpass a simultaneous Republican surge.

Sun Belt

Georgia

President Trump is currently “down” by 14,056 votes in Georgia, another state full of abnormalities. Below is the raw vote trend for Democrats since 2008. In a state with a very high black population and with the tailwind of eight Republican years behind him, President Obama garnered a new record of 1,844,123 Democrat votes, and still lost the state handily. He went backward as an incumbent, and it took until 2016 for a Democrat (Clinton) to slightly overtake his total, even with strong population growth in the Sun Belt. Donald Trump barely overperformed Mitt Romney in Georgia, and has added 368,822 votes to his previous total, yet has somehow been passed up by a Biden gain of 594,019 votes in a single cycle (after being stuck in a belt of 104,136 votes for three straight elections).

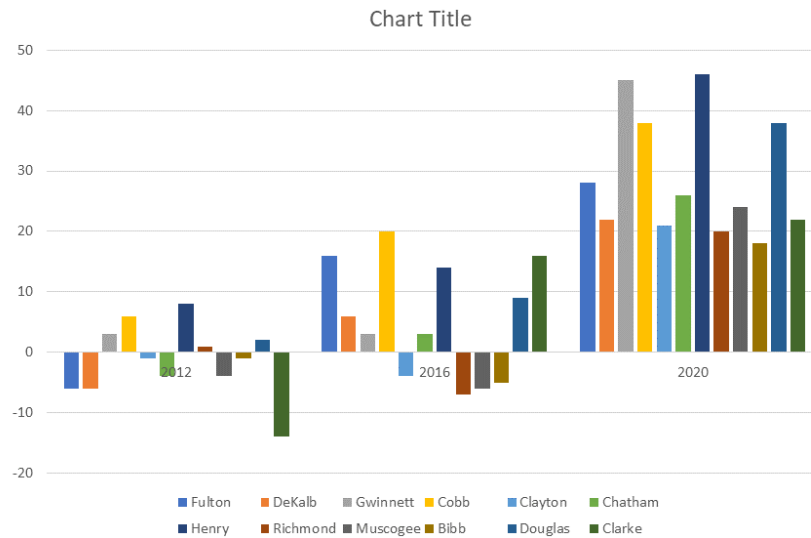
GEORGIA – Raw Dem Vote Trend Since 2008



This has been accomplished not only with the help of clear absentee fraud in metro Atlanta and suburbs, but also throughout the state, where nearly one third of the additional votes come from. Trump margins in rural Georgia have been substantially clamped down, perhaps through the voting system errors/electronic fraud. The most obvious signs of data aberration come from the following counties, which are mostly in metro Atlanta:

Georgia Key Democrat Counties – Dem Vote % Increase/Decrease Year Over Year

Example – In 2012, Fulton County had 6% fewer raw Democrat votes than in 2008 (255k in 2012, 272k in 2008)



In 2012, during Obama's reelection campaign, support was down in raw numbers (less votes than the previous election) in 7 of 12 focus counties, and none of the counties in this study (heavily black counties) reached 10% increase in Democratic votes. In 2016, Cobb county grew 20% in Democratic votes, partly in response to growth from Atlanta, but also in changing party allegiances (and Trump still won, but growth in DeKalb, Gwinnett, and other large counties was not substantial, hence Clinton barely netting more votes than Obama in 2008).

2020 is a much different story. Every county but Bibb County in this study has over a 20% increase in Democratic votes, even as President Trump himself has increased respectably in all of these counties and run up his vote totals in exurban and rural Georgia. Increases of

well over 35 and even 40% are not even remotely plausible, as seen Cobb, Gwinnett, Henry, and Douglas Counties. These counties must be audited, not recounted, for heavy suspicion of absentee/mail-in fraud overseen by Stacy Abrams. The rural areas suggest electronic tampering.

It is critical that the legal team jumps on Georgia immediately, because the Secretary of State is planning a plain recount without supervision, and there are already issues with observers not being allowed. We need audits and signature match. This state has also been “finding” ballots for days on end in the state.

Arizona

Arizona is another state that warrants quick action, as the anti-Trump Secretary of State (Hobbs) is rushing to scuttle any audits or recounts, and wants to certify as quick as possible. An analysis of Arizona is quick, as Democrats get all of their force from Pima County and, this year, Maricopa County. Pima County is highly suspicious, even though registrations have trended Democrat in the past four years. For reference, Democrat votes in Pima County grew 13,126 in 2008, went down 5,003 in 2012, went up 23,410 in 2016, and have **gone up 80,320 (to 304,981) in one single cycle**. This is a 35.8% increase. This comes as Trump has massively overperformed thanks to Hispanic support by 24.1%, a total of votes that surpasses what the Democrats had in this liberal stronghold in 2012. Pima County must face a full audit on suspicion of mail fraud.

The other side of the coin is obviously Maricopa County, which casts roughly 60% of the vote in Arizona, and likely more this year. This year, Joe Biden has **added 337,646 votes** to Clintons total, putting him at 1,040,553. This comes after Trump added 248,119, recovering the third party defects that plagued him in 2016, when he still won the state. The previous record for Democrat increase in Maricopa was 100,619, accomplished by Clinton in 2016. This total is not plausible, and represents a growth of 48.0% in one single cycle.

The graphic below shows trends statewide since 2004, and also in Maricopa County. Party Registration information is below. Democrats have eaten into the advantage, but Maricopa independents generally lean Republican, and Trump's vote total presents the consolidation of this, as does his votes per 100 Registered Republicans both statewide and in Maricopa County. At 108 per 100 in the state and 107 per 100 in Maricopa, his performance is in the baseline of a standard Romney or McCain win. Joe Biden's total votes per 100 registered Democrats is unbelievably high, 120 per 100 statewide, when the previous high was 107. His total in Maricopa is even higher, at 127 votes per 100 registered Democrats, well over the previous mark of 118.

Biden is likely sitting on at least 150,000 fraudulent mail-in and absentee ballots in the state, and this is before any discussion of the electronic problems being unveiled in other states. The Trump legal team needs to be all over this, with the assistance of Governor Ducey. There is a plausible scenario for a Republican to lose this state, and it looks more like President Trump's 2016 statewide and Maricopa votes per 100 registered voters (inversion favoring the Democrat), and not like his current historic performance. This state is clearly suspect and needs to be fully audited electronically and for mail/absentee fraud. This also has tremendous impact on the McSally race, who should rescind her concession.

